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Subject: Computerized Processing of Bills of Entry under the Indian

Customs EDI System - Imports (ICES 1.5) at Vaishno Container

Terminal, Inland Container Depot (ICD) - Tarapur, Mahagaon,

Thane (Maharashtra) - reg.

In continuation of Public Notice No. 01/2014 dated 04.08.2014, regarding launch of ICES 1.5 at the Vaishno Container Terminal ICD, Tarapur, Mahagaon, Thane (Maharashtra), it is brought to the notice of all the Importers/CHAs and members of the Trade that computerized processing of Bills of Entry under EDI system will commence on 07.08.2014 at the said ICD, Tarapur, Mahagaon, Thane (Maharashtra), in respect of Imports.

Under the EDI-System, the Bill of Entry shall be filed electronically and shall be processed online in an automated computerized environment. Certain declarations and certificates etc. in original wherever required shall continue to be attached with assessed copy of Bill of Entry when the same is presented in the Import Shed for clearance of goods. The requisite documents also can be called for by the Appraising Group, if required, while processing the Bills of Entry. There are certain pre-requisites for filing the electronic declarations which are required to be complied with before filing

1.1 Registration of IE-Code of the Importer

- IE-Code is being issued to the importers by DGFT, details of which are transmitted online to the Indian Customs EDI-System (ICES) on daily basis. ICES automatically registers the IE-Codes after confirming its validity to enable the importers to file the Bill of Entry electronically. Before filing the Bill of Entry the importers are .. advised to check from DGFT as to whether their IE-Code has already been transmitted to ICES. If their IE-Code has not been transmitted to ICES by DGFT, they should first get the same transmitted from DGFT, failing which they shall not be able to file Bill of Entry electronically for clearance of imported goods.
- In case the IE-Code is registered for exports the same shall hold good for imports also. The DGFT has notified certain generic Codes for certain classes of importers in the FXIM Policy and exempted them from taking a specific IE Code. Such importers should use respective codes for filing the Bill of Entry. However, if an

importer do not fall in the exempted category and also do not hold specific IE Code, he should use the Code 0100000053 for personal effects and 0100000001 for all other imports. In such cases, the Bill of Entry shall automatically appear on the computer screen of the concerned Assistant/Deputy Commissioner for online approval.

1.2 Registration of Custom House Agents (CHAs) in ICES

CHAs are required to register their details in ICES at the respective Custom Houses from where they have been licensed. If they intend to operate at other stations, the intimation of the same should be registered in ICES at the respective stations. In case the Custom House from where the CHA has been licensed is not yet brought under ICES, such CHAs should approach the Customs authorities indicated in the enclosed chart against respective Custom Houses. (List of Custom Houses for CHA registration attached as Appendix-1 and format for registration attached as Appendix-1A)

1.3 Registration of Shipping Lines/Agents, Consol Agents

IGM/Consol Manifest shall be filed electronically by the Shipping Lines/Agents and Consol Agents at the Port(s). of entry and Sub-IGM relating to respective IGM lines under SMTP at the ICD. The Shipping Lines/Agents and Consol Agents, before filing IGM, should register themselves in the ICES at any of the ICES enabled Custom Stations (Format of registration attached as Appendix-2).

1.4 Exchange Rates of un-notified currencies

The ICES maintains exchange rates in respect of currencies the rates of which are notified from time to time by the Ministry of Finance. However, in respect of currencies which are not covered in the notifications of the Ministry of Finance, the concerned Bank's certificate indicating the exchange rate applicable for the date on which the Bill of Entry is filed should be obtained by the CHA/Importer from any Nationalized Bank. Only this exchange rate should be entered in the system in the respective field while making entry of Bill of Entry data and should be presented along with assessed copy of Bill of Entry at the time of taking out of charge, to the Customs officer.

1.5 Currency Codes

For indicating value of goods, freight, insurance, commission etc. codes specified against the respective currencies indicated in the list of currency codes appended with this Public Notice should only be used. List of Currency Codes attached as Appendix-5.

1.6 Units of Measurement Codes

Against any quantity of goods appropriate Code indicated against the respective measurement in the list appended with this Public Notice should only be used in the Bill of Entry and IGM as the case may be. It is further informed that if UQCs other than the Standard UQCs of the Customs Tariff is used, the B/E may not get any facilitation in RMS. Reference is also invited to CBEC Circular no. 26/2013-Customs, dated

19/07/2013, where adherence to Standard Unit Quantity Codes as prescribed in the Customs Tariff Act has been prescribed. List of Measurement Codes is attached as Appendix-4.

1.7 Country Codes

Wherever in the Bill of Entry or IGM etc. reference to country name is required to be made, appropriate Code of the country as indicated in the list of country codes appended to this Public Notice should only be used. (Appendix-6)

1.8 Port Codes

All the ports of the world have been codified by United Nations and allotted UN Lo codes. Appropriate port code should only be indicated wherever reference to port name is required to be made in a Bill of Entry and IGM or any other document. It is not possible to attach list of all port codes being too large. Correct code may be obtained from the respective Carriers or checked from UN website. (http://www.unece.org/cefact/locode/)

1.9 Registration of DGFT Licences

If the imports are against any of the DGFT Exim Licences, such licence(s) should be first registered in the ICES and the Registration Number should be indicated against each item of goods in the Bill of Entry. However, EDI messages between Customs and DGFT for licence are in the process of establishing. No separate registration shall be required for those licences which are received from DGFT online.

1.10 Registration at ICEGATE for Remote filing of Bill of Entry or Manifest

Those who intend to file Bill of Entry or manifest from their offices, should register themselves with ICEGATE. For registration at ICEGATE the detailed information may be seen at web-site "http//:www.icegate.gov.in". For filing of Bill of Entry from remote, NIC has provided software which can be downloaded from NIC web-site.(http://ices.nic.in/ices/aspx) free of cost.

1.11 Service Centre charges

Facility of data entry of IGM, Bill of Entry etc. is available at service center at ICD on payment basis. The schedule of charges for various types of services payable at the Service Centre are indicated below:

The schedule of charges for data entry in the Centre shall be as follows:-

a.	Entry of Bill of Entryhaving up to 5 items	Rs. 60
b.	Each additional block of 5 items	Rs. 10
c.	Amendment fee	Rs. 20
d.	Entry of IGM	Rs. 60
e.	Charges for additional query printing	Rs. 05
f.	Entry of licences	Rs. 60
	UAB declaration	Rs. 60

Note: Above charges include data entry of the documents, check list printing, three free queries and print out of the assessed document and out of charge. The check list will be provided free of charge till these are certified to be free of mistake by the customer. However, in cases where the customer wants to incorporate corrections in the original declarations provided by him, check list will be provided at an additional cost of Rs.10. Any check list in respect of remote filing of the Bill of Entry will cost Rs.10.

2 Filing of IGM/SMTP/Consol Manifest

The Shipping lines or other persons as envisaged under Section 30 of the Customs Act, 1962 can submit the Sub Import General Manifest (SIGM)/ Consol Manifest through the Service Centre at ICD-Tarapur, Mahagaon, Thane (Maharashtra), on all working days from 10.30 A.M to 5.30 P.M. However, the Manifest can also be electronically filed through ICEGATE on 24 hours basis. The IGM/SMTP/Consol Manifest should be presented at the Service Centre counter in the prescribed proforma. (Annexure-B). A checklist would be generated by the Service Centre which would be verified by the authorised representative of the Shipping line and given to the Service Centre operator for submission after corrections, if any.

- 2.1 Apart from filing of SMTP/Consol Manifest through Service Centre, the Shipping lines would continue to file a hard copy of the SIGM with the Manifest Department.
- 2.2 Amendment in the IGM/SMTP/Console manifest after submission shall be carried out only after approval from the designated Customs authority. Amendment request shall be entered in the system at service centre, on submission in the system it shall appear before the designated officer for approval. If the designated officer is satisfied with the amendment requested he will approve the same in the system.
- 2.3 The acceptance of cancellation or otherwise, will be confirmed to the custodian as well as to the Shipping Lines electronically if filed through EDI interface or it is communicated as a "printed check up cancellation message" from the Service Center and can also be checked up from the enquiry window of the Service Center.

Note: - It may be noted that in case of cancellation of IGM, all the Bills of Entry filed against the IGM will get cancelled.

3. Cargo/Goods Declaration

The Importer or the CHA as the case may be, can file electronic Bill of Entry by data entry at the Service Centre or by transmitting details in specified file format through ICEGATE from his premises.

(a) Filing through Service Centre

(i) The CHA/Importer should furnish information in Annexure-Cand present the same to the Service Centre operator along with copy(s) of import invoice and packing list. Details of information in 'Annexure-C should be correct, complete and legible. Incorrect and invalid entries may reject entry of data. The Service Center shall accept the declarations in Annexure-C during the working hours of ICD. The system would accept data entry of Annexure-C only if it finds that the SMTP No. and Bill of Lading matches the corresponding line number of the IGM. The system will accept only one declaration against a line number. If the declaration is not accepted, the CHA/Importer should verify the particulars.

- (ii) Once the SMTP is filed in the Customs Computer System, whenever a Bill of Entry pertaining to any line in the said IGM is filed, the system will cross verify the details of IGM No., the Bill of Lading etc. The Bill of Entry would be accepted only if the relevant particulars match with those in the SMTP. If any Bill of Entry is not accepted by the system, the importers/CHAs should verify whether the IGM Nos. or the Bill of Lading Nos. have been correctly furnished in the Annexure-C submitted by them.
- (iii) The claim for assessment shall be made against each item of the invoice. If there is more than one invoice, information shall be furnished for each item invoicewise i.e. complete information of items in one invoice must precede information of items in the second invoice.
- (iv) If the particulars of classification are same for the next item, the word "do" will be accepted by the system.
- (v) ITC (HS) Number, CTH and CETH shall be indicated in eight (8) digits without any decimal in between (e.g. 85011000 and not 8501.1000). Notification number shall be indicated in three (3) digits followed by a slash(/) and the issuing year (e.g. 201/81, 083/93). The notification number indicated shall be that of the parent notification and not the amending notification. This may be carefully noted.
- (vi) In respect of goods for which benefit of notification is claimed, against the entry 'Generic Description' in Annexure-C, List No. and the Serial number of the List shall be mentioned in addition to the generic description of the item. The Service Centre Operator will feed first the List number and Serial number, and if there is space left, generic description of the item.
- (vii) For example, Nebulizers are covered by S. No. 363 of the Table of Notification No. 021/02 (list 37, Serial Number 19). This entry would be described as: -

Generic Description	стн	Notfn./Year, Serial Number	
L37/19, Nebulizers	90189093	021/02, Sr. No. 363	

- (viii) The Service Centre Operator shall carefully enter the data in the system as is indicated in Annexure-C. On completion of entry of data, the system shall assign a Job Number and generate a Check List which is draft Bill of Entry. The Service Centre operator shall print a copy of Check List and handover the same to the CHA/Importer. The CHA/Importer shall check the correctness of the data entered in the system. If any error is noticed, the same shall be circled in bold ink and correct detail should be written. The corrected Check List duly signed by the CHA/Importer should be handed over to the Service Centre Operator for entry of corrected data. The Operator shall make corrections in the corresponding data and handover the revised checklist to the CHA/Importer for re-confirmation. This process would be repeated till the CHA/Importer signs a clean checklist in token of correctness of the entered data.
- (ix) The Operator shall submit the authenticated electronic Check List to the system. The system will then generate a Bill of Entry Number, which would be endorsed on the printed Check List and returned to the CHA/Importer. The Bill of Entry Number shall be in a running serial number of all the Custom Houses operating on consolidated ICES 1.5. The CHA/Importer shall note down the Bill of Entry Number and return the Check

List to the Operator. The Bill of Entry Numeric Number shall be prefixed with the Port Code at which the goods are landed. Thus Port Code combined with Numeric Number shall be Bill of Entry Number.

(x) The Operator shall retain the original Annexure-C declarations with copies of invoice and packing list and shall hand over all the Check Lists to the Customs Authorities periodically.

(b) Remote filing through ICEGATE

The CHA/Importers having internet facility in their offices can file electronic Bill of Entry from their premises. For this purpose, they should register their details with ICEGATE one time. Detailed procedure for registration can be seen at the website www.icegate.gov.in. They can download Remote EDI filing software from NIC website link which has been provided at ICEGATE website. Software of NIC is free of charge. On successful submission of data from their premises, the ICES will generate Bill of Entry Number and return message of Bill of Entry Number. If invalid data is entered, an error message shall be generated and no Bill of Entry Number shall be generated. In case of remote filing of Bill of Entry, the CHA/Importer has to ensure correctness and validity of data entered failing which the data will either be rejected by the ICES or incorrect information shall be incorporated in the submitted Bill of Entry which shall lead to problems of amendments.

Processing of Bill of Entry for Assessment

- (i) Once the Bill of Entry is submitted in the system, the ICES validates the details from various directories maintained in the system and calculates the value from the foreign currency to Indian Rupees applying the exchange rates as applicable on the date of submission of Bill of Entry in the system and determines the assessable value for levy of duty. Directories of the rates of duty as applicable on the goods on the relevant dates are also maintained in the system. ICES calculates the amount of duty leviable on the goods on the basis of rates of duty specified in the Customs Tariff, Central Excise Tariff, Cess Schedules, various notifications imposing rates of duty on imported goods and exemption notifications as claimed by the Importers in the Bill of Entry. Processing of the Bill of Entry takes place in an automated environment and workflow according to the jurisdiction of Customs Officers as provided under the law.
- (ii) The Appraising work is divided into Appraising Groups and Sub-groups, based on the Chapter/Tariff Headings of Customs Tariff Schedule. The roles of the officers for Appraising Groups are allotted by the Systems Manager on the basis of workload of assessment. More than one role of appraising groups can be allotted to one officer (more than one group can be allotted to one officer). Based on total assessable value of the individual items in a Bill of Entry, the Bill of Entry on its submission is automatically assigned by the system to a particular Appraising Group of which the assessable value is the highest. All the Bills of Entry assigned to a particular Appraising Group are put in a queue and are processed on first come first serve basis. In a specific case only the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner of concerned Appraising Group are authorized to change priority, if circumstances so warrant.
- (iii) If required separate Group can be created for handling assessment of goods under Export Promotion Schemes requiring import licenses for claiming exemption from

duty etc. Bills of Entry in Group 7 require production of duty exemption import licence by the importer. Therefore, processing of Bills of Entry will be taken up by the appraising officer only on receipt of required documents.

(iv) Movement of Bills of Entry from one officer to another takes place automatically in a pre determined workflow basis depending on roles and jurisdiction assigned to them. During processing of Bill of Entry, the concerned officer may raise Query to the importer for further clarification/information. The Query, on approval by the Group AC/DC, shall be transmitted to importer for online reply. Such a Bill of Entry on which query has been raised, is automatically pulled out of assessment queue till online reply is received from the importer.

4.1 System Appraisement

Facility of System Appraisal of Bills of Entry in respect of certain goods covered by some exemption notification has been made available for faster clearance of such goods. Bills of Entry in respect of the items under System Appraisal would be assessed by the System immediately on their submission and a print out of the assessed Bill of Entry along with 3 copies of TR-6 Challan will be made available to the CHAs/Importers for payment of duty and getting the goods examined if required, and for out of charge. All the Bills of Entry which are appraised by the 'System' would be audited before being given out of charge. In so far as the NMI/DEC cases (e.g. Custom Notification No(s) 051/96 dated 23.07.96, 39/96 dated 23.07.96) are concerned, the debiting in the Licence etc. would be required to be done by the Appraiser/Superintendent in the Import Shed. Examination of such goods would be carried out as per prescribed norms. The system appraisal Scheme is a Notification based Scheme and not description based. If the Appraising Officer (Audit) finds that the Bill of Entry is not fit to be cleared under System Appraisal Scheme, he may forward the Bill of Entry back for regular assessment. For this, the role of SA has to be assigned separately to one of the shed Superintendent /Shed Appraiser

4.2 Second Check Appraisement

The electronic Bill of Entry will be assessed on the basis of the claims made in Annexure-C. In case the Assessing officer does not agree with the claim regarding tariff classification, notifications, declared value etc., he shall raise a query in the system. On approval by the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner (Group), the query will be printed in the Service Centre for being passed on to the CHA/Importer. Replies to the queries will be submitted in the Service Centre which will be fed in the system. In case the importer agrees with the classification/valuation proposed by the assessing officer, the Bill of Entry would be assessed accordingly. The Assessing Officer can change Tariff classification, deny exemption incorrectly claimed, change unit price of goods in the system. In case Assessing officer and Assistant/Deputy Commissioner, as the case may be, agrees, ab-initio or on receipt of the reply, with the claim made by the importer. they shall assess the Bill of Entry in the system. After assessing the Bill of Entry, the system will generate one assessed copy of Bill of Entry. The CHA /Importer shall take print of the assessed copy of Bill of Entry along with three copies of TR-6 Challan. Before presenting the Bill of Entry for examination and delivery of goods, the CHA/Importer should deposit duty assessed with the designated bank.

4.3 First Check Appraisement

- (i) Where the CHA/Importer has opted for First check assessment or the Assessing Officer feels it necessary to examine the goods prior to assessment, he shall order first check examination of goods in the system. For seeking first check examination order, the CHA/Importer shall exercise the relevant option at data entry stage, the appropriate column of Annexure C format should be flagged 'Y'. The assessing officer shall accordingly give examination order on the system which shall be approved by the Group Assistant/Deputy Commissioner. On approval by Assistant/Deputy Commissioner a first check Bill of Entry copy shall be printed. CHA/importer gets a copy of First Check Bill of Entry printed with 'Examination Order' at the 'Service Centre' or in his office, as the case may be.
- After the examination is completed, the Import Shed Examiner/Inspector and Appraiser/Superintendent shall write the examination report on the first check copy of Bill of Entry (Hard Copy of Bill of Entry) and enter the examination report in the system. The Shed Appraiser/Superintendent shall transfer the Bill of Entry to Appraising Group. The CHA/Importer shall present the first check copy of the Bill of Entry on which examination report has been written along with original invoice and other import documents necessary for assessment to the concerned Appraiser/Superintendent. The Assessing Officer, if satisfied, shall complete the assessment of Bill of Entry in the system. After assessment, the Bill of Entry shall move in the system as in the case of second check assessment. The CHA/Importer shall take print out of assessed copy of Bill of Entry and TR-6 Challan and shall deposit duty amount with the designated bank.

4.4 Audit

After completion of assessment by the Assessing Officer, the Bill of Entry will be moved to the Auditors screen electronically for doing concurrent audit. The audit officer will check all the details in the Bill of Entry and the assessment done by the Appraiser/ Superintendent. If the Audit Officer is in agreement with the assessment, the audit is completed and the Bill of Entry shall automatically move to the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner screen. If the Audit Officer is not in agreement with the assessment then he shall indicate his objection online and forward the document back electronically in the system to Assessing Officer for consideration of the audit objection. The Audit Officer has the facility to view all the details in the Bill of Entry but has no authority to make any change in the data declared by the importer on the Bill of Entry. After the dispute is settled the Auditor shall clear the Bill of Entry in Audit.

4.5 Printing of Assessed copy of Bill of Entry

After completion of assessment and audit, print out of one assessed copy of Bill of Entry and 3 copies of TR-6 Challan shall be generated by the system. The print out of the same can be obtained from Service Centre or at the premises of the CHA/Importer from where the Bill of Entry has been submitted to Customs system.

5. Payment of Duty

After the assessment is completed and the print of the assessed Customs copy of the Bill of Entry and TR-6 Challan are obtained by the CHA/Importer, copies of the TR-6 Challan shall be presented to the designated bank for payment of duty. The Bank shall verify the particulars in the TR-6 Challan from the system and enter the particulars of receipt of amount in the system and return two copies of Challan duly stamped and signed, to the CHA. The bank will retain one copy. The Challan shall also indicate the interest amount for seven days period after expiry of interest free period. If interest free period of seven days has expired, fresh Challan with revised amount of interest should be obtained and should be paid accordingly. Duty and Interest can also be paid through e-banking system. Detailed procedure Demo for e-Payment can be accessed at the ICEGATE website under e-payment gateway menu.

6. Examination of Goods

- After examination order in the case of First Check Bill of Entry, after assessment in the case of duty free import where duty assessed is zero and after payment of duty assessed with interest (if any) in case of second check Bill of Entry, the Bill of Entry shall move to the Examination Section for goods registration.
- The CHA shall present documents, as per the list below (the documents should (i) be arranged in a file cover in the following order):-
- i. Assessed copy of Bill of Entry.
- ii. Duty paid Challan in original.
- iii; Copy of Delivery order.
- iv. Copy of Bill of Lading.
- ٧. Invoice in original.
- Vi. Packing List in original.
- vii. Certificate of Origin in original.
- Exemption Certificate in original, if the notification so requires. viii.
- Copy of the Bond or Undertaking executed, if any. ix.
- GATT declaration duly signed by the importer. X.
- xi. Technical literature
- Licence in original and a photocopy of licence. XII.
- Any other document/ certificate necessary for clearance of goods. xiii.
- The Inspector/Examiner or other Officer authorized in this regard will complete (iii) the goods registration and examine the goods, wherever prescribed. After the examination report is submitted in the system, as well as on the hard copy of the assessed Bill of Entry (Customs Copy), the Bill of Entry shall move to Appraiser/Superintendent screen for out of charge. The signature of the CHA/Importer shall be obtained on the report, in token of that the good have been examined in their presence. Name of the CHA/Importer should also be recorded along with his I-Card Number. In case of first check Bill of Entry where examination has already taken place, the Bill of Entry shall move to the Appraiser/Superintendent directly for out of charge after payment of duty.

- 6.2 Where Green Channel facility has been allowed to Importer, the Bill of Entry shall appear on the screen of Assistant/Deputy Commissioner Import Shed for confirming green channel and waiving examination of goods. The Bill of Entry in such case shall move to Import Shed Appraiser/Superintendent for out of charge order.
- 6.3 All the above documents, except original Licence, will be retained by Customs at the time of giving 'out of charge'. Hence, only the certified photo copies of delivery order, Master Bill of Lading, House Bill of Lading should be attached instead of originals.
- 6.4 On the basis of the examination report, the Appraising Group may revise the assessment or raise a further query to the importers, if necessary.
- 6.5 After completion of the examination of the goods, if the Shed Appraiser/ Superintendent is satisfied that the requirement of Section 47 of the Customs Act, 1962 have been complied with, he shall give 'Out of Charge" for the Bill of Entry on system.
- After the out of charge order, the system will generate print of Importer's copy and Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry along with 3 copies of Order of Clearance. Print out of the same shall be obtained from the designated computer terminal. The print copies of the Bill of Entry shall bear the Order of Clearance number and name of the examining Appraiser/Superintendent The importer's copy and Exchange Control copy of the Bill of Entry along with one copy of the order of clearance will be attached to the Customs copy of the Bill of Entry retained by the Shed Appraiser/Superintendent. The importer shall present the remaining two copies of the order of clearance to the Custodian along with the importer's copy of the Bill of Entry. The custodian shall issue the Gate Pass after verification of the correctness of Bill of Lading and number of packages etc. At this stage, one copy of the order of clearance shall be returned to the importer/CHA after enclosing the Gate Pass No. and date on the same. The Importer/CHA will present the Importer's copy of the order of clearance to the Customs officer at the Gate along with importer's copy of the Bill of Entry and the Custodian's Gate Pass. After inspecting the packages, the order of clearance copy will be retained by the Gate officer after endorsing number of packages cleared against the order and the copies of the Bills of Entry and Gate Pass shall be returned to the importers.
- 6.7 The Customs copies of the Bills of entry shall be arranged in the order of Serial Number of the order of clearance and shall be preserved in the Import Shed for 7 days to take care of part deliveries. After seven days, the Bill of Entry will be kept at the designated place for CRA Audit and record purposes.

7. Section 48 Cases

Where the Bill of Entry has been filed after 30 days from the date of arrival of goods at the port, on completion of data entry and submission, the Job No. and details of the Job shall automatically move to the screen of the concerned group Assistant/Deputy Commissioner for online approval. Concerned Assistant/Deputy Commissioner shall open the Section 48 approval form, from the menu, and after verification shall approve filing of Bill of Entry. Only on approval of Assistant/Deputy

Commissioner, the Bill of Entry will get accepted by system and Bill of Entry Number will be generated. The Bill of Entry, thereafter, will be processed in the same manner as the normal Bill of Entry.

8.Amendment of Bill of Entry

- 8.1 In case of any errors noticed after submission of Bill of Entry, but before examination of goods, the CHA/ importer may seek amendment of the Bill of Entry through the Service Centre after obtaining the approval of the concerned groupAssistant/Deputy Commissioner. The required amendment shall be entered into the system by the operator of the service center. Only after acceptance by the group Appraiser/Superintendent and Assistant/Deputy Commissioner, the amendment will get incorporated in the Bill of Entry. After amendment, the Bill of Entry shall be assessed as usual. If the duty was paid prior to amendment, a differential duty challan will be printed along with the revised assessed Bill of Entry.
- 8.2 After Out-of-Charge Order, no amendment shall be allowed in the Bill of Entry. However, in case amendment is warranted after Out-of-Charge Order but before delivery of goods, the System Manager/Alternate System Manager can cancel the out of charge Order in the system. The original prints of the Importer's and Exchange Control copies of Bill of Entry shall be retained by the System Manager/Alternate System Manager in a file. After fresh Out-of-Charge Order, new prints of the copies of Bill of Entry shall be given.

Re-assessment

Any time after assessment and before Out of Charge Order, a Bill of Entry can be recalled and reassessed and put to reassessment by the concerned Assistant/Deputy Commissioner, if it so warranted for any reason.

10. Advance Noting

Advance Bill of Entry can also be filed in the ICES before the arrival of the vessel. In such cases, a Bill of Entry may be presented before the delivery of the import manifest, if the vessel by which the goods have been shipped is expected to arrive within 30 days from the date of presentation. The CHA/ Importer may file an Advance Bill of Entry if he has the copies of the Bill of Lading and the invoice. The Bill of Entry would be filed and assessed in the same manner as indicated above. On grant of Entry Inwards, the Bill of Entry shall be regularized and shall be reassessed if the duty rates have undergone any change. If there is a delay of more than 30 days in the arrival of the vessel, a fresh Bill of Entry would have to be filed and the Bill of Entry already filed will automatically get cancelled by the system.

11. The Procedure for Clearance Under Export Promotions Schemes requiring DGFT Licence/Bond etc.

11.1 Import Under DEPB Scheme

DEPB Licences shall be electronically transmitted by DGFT to Customs system after the Shipping Bills get transmitted online to DGFT from the Custom. Such DEPB

licences shall automatically be registered in ICES and can be utilized for debit against a Bill of Entry. Till the DEPB licence starts getting transmitted online from DGFT, the DEPB licences shall be registered in the system before filing Bill of Entry claiming benefits of exemption against DEPB. If the DEPB licence has already been partially utilised, the same shall be resgistered in the system only for the balance Credit and FOB of exports available for further utilization

11.2 Verification of the DEPB

The DEPB shall be verified by the Export Section of the Customs station from where the exports have taken place. Procedure for verification of DEPB has been notified from time to time by the Board/ this office through circulars/ instructions. Such procedure shall be strictly followed. For this purpose, original DEPB issued by DGFT shall be produced to the officer designated by Assistant/Deputy Commissioner in the Export Department for verification of the Shipping Bills against which the DEPB has been issued by the DGFT. The officer designated by Assistant/Deputy Commissioner shall verify each Shipping Bill in the system through the DEPB verification menu in ICES. In case any manually processed Shipping Bill is involved, the verification shall be done on the basis of copy of Shipping Bill received along with the EGM from the carriers. The Shipping Bills shall be endorsed with the DEPB Number, DEPB date, DGFT File Number, and Issuing Authority. After satisfactory verification of all the Shipping Bills, the officer designated by Assistant/Deputy Commissioner shall make an endorsement on the reverse of the DEPB and the list of Shipping Bills attached with the DEPB to the effect that the verification of all the Shipping Bills is satisfactorily done and put his signature with date and official stamp.

11.3 Registration of DEPB

- (i) Before claiming exemption under DEPB Exemption Notification 034/97-Cus., dated 07.04.1997 against a DEPB, the licence in question is required to be registered in the import system. The officer designated by Assistant/Deputy Commissioner to register the DEPB in the system shall ensure that verification of DEPB with reference to the exports on the basis of which DEPB is issued by DGFT has been done prior to its registration in imports.
- (ii) All Importers/CHAs are advised to ensure that their IEC details with PAN have been transmitted by DGFT to Customs at the time of obtaining the DEPB. The CHA/ Importer shall furnish details of DEPB license in the pro-forma given ANNEXURE- A.
- (iii) The designated officer shall make data entry of the DEPB details in the system. After entry of data, a checklist will be printed. The DEPB holder shall verify the details of DEPB in the check list sign the check list and return the same to the officer. The officer shall then complete the registration process in the System. After the DEPB is registered in ICES, a "registration number" shall be generated by ICES which will be endorsed on the face of the original DEPB in bold figures with the name of CUSTOMS STATION at which registered. For further activities, either for debiting against a Bill of Entryor obtaining a Release Advice, only this registration number shall be used. No claim of exemption of RA against a DEPB will be entertained for un-registered DEPBs. The DEPBs which have already been partly utilized prior to the introduction of on-line processing will be registered for the balance duty credit and FOB of exports in the manner as stated above. In case any change in the data of DEPB is required to be

made after completion of registration, the same shall be made by the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner.

11.4 Transfer Release Advices

- (i) DEPB Licences registered in locations running on ICES 1.5 shall be available for automatic online debits against Bill of Entry filed at any of the ports which are operational under ICES 1.5. A common Ledger of licences shall be centrally maintained in the system for debits in respect of Bills of Entry filed at all the ICES location operating under ICES 1.5. Therefore, no TRA shall be required. However, TRA shall be issued for Non-EDI Locations which are still operating manually. For this, the TRA shall be generated in the system and a hard copy of TRA shall be issued.
- (ii) The TRAs issued by the non-EDI locations will be registered in the same manner as license registration. On registration of TRA against a DEPB, the system will generate a TRA registration number. This Registration Number should be endorsed on the Importer's copy of TRA (original) and the Customs copy received from the issuing Customs station. Only fresh RAs will be registered in the EDI System. Partially utilized RAs will continue to be handled manually. Following particulars shall be entered in the System through the menu relating to transfer release advice.

Release Advice Number.
Release Advice Date
Release Registration Number.
Customs Station to which issued
IEC of R.A. holder if different from DEPB holder
DUTY CREDIT AMOUNT transferred
Export FOB amount transferred
Invoice Number
MAWB/BL Number/Date
HAWB/HBL Number/Date
Conditions, if any

- (iii) If the DEPB is already registered in the System and having sufficient balance in the Duty Credit and Export FOB value is available, the System will print a check list of TRA. The check list shall be verified by the DEPB holder. If the particulars are correct, the check list will be signed by the DEPB holder and returned to the proper officer who will exercise option for issue of TRA in the System. The System shall generate three copies of the release advice titled as:
 - Customs copy for port of issue (office copy),
 - 2. Customs copy for port of clearance, and
 - 3. Importer's copy.
- (iv) The office copy for port of issue shall be retained by the TRA issuing Customs Station and placed in the respective TRA file. Customs copy for port of clearance will be dispatched to the respective Customs Station and the importers copy of TRA shall be handed over to the applicant.

(v) The requirement of production of original DEPB licence with incoming or outgoing TRAs at the respective port of clearance shall continue as per instructions issued from time to time in this behalf.

11.5 Re-credit of unutilized Release Advices

Any unutilized credit in the Release Advice may be re-credited to the DEPB by the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner. A certificate of unutilized portion shall be generated at the port for which the TRA had been issued on the basis of which the balance in the DEPB licence shall be re-credited by the TRA issuing authority.

11.6 Claim of Exemption against a DEPB / DEPB-TRA

- (i) The normal exemption can be claimed as usual against an item in the Bill of Entry under Serial Number 39D of Annexure-C. If exemption is also claimed against a DEPB under Notification 034/97-Cus Dated 07.04.1997, the entries shall be made in Annexure-C under Serial Number 39E. For DEPB Bill of Entry the scheme code is 'B'; therefore while claiming exemption under the DEPB, 'B' will be entered in column 1 of Serial Number 39E. Similarly codes will be assigned to other schemes when they are brought on ICES.
- (ii) In case more than one DEPB is required to be debited against one item, the importer will be required to indicate the DEPB Registration Number and CIF value of the goods for each DEPB to cover the entire CIF value against that item. For each item claimed for exemption under DEPB, details referred to above will be required to be indicated. The System will determine the duty amount on the basis of CIF Quantity of goods and shall debit the duty from the DEPB credit ledger and the CIF amount from the FOB of Exports. If sufficient balance to cover the CIF value and the Duty foregone is not available in the DEPB, the System will disallow submission of the Bill of Entry.
- (iii) For indicating the option of payment of Additional Duty (equal to Excise Duty) or claiming exemption therefrom, the option shall be exercised by indicating 'Y' or 'N' in column 2 of Serial Number 39E. The column number 5 (serial number of item in the licence list) and 7 (quantity for licence debit) are not required to be filled in for DEPB Bill of Entry.
- (iv) If the basic Customs duty and the additional Customs duty debitable to the licence is zero, the DEPB exemption will not be admissible to that item. System will not allow exemption under Notification 034/97 etc. for that item.

11.7 Check List of Bill of Entry

After data entry, checklist will be printed as usual and given to the importers/CHAs for verifying the correctness of data captured. For identification against the respective item, '(DEPB)' and Notification 034/97 will appear. At the end of the check list, a statement of debits of EXPORT FOB (= import CIF) and duty sought to be debited, DEPB wise against an item Serial Number of an invoice, will also be printed. The importers/CHAs should check the details of DEPB Number carefully to ensure that only that DEPB would be debited which he intended to do so. If the entries are correct, the checklist may be returned to the data entry operator for submission of Bill of Entry in the System. Errors, if any, noticed may be got corrected by the data entry operator.

11.8 Submission of Bill of Entry

On submission of the Bill of Entry in the System, an UN-ASSESSED copy of the Bill of Entry will be printed by the System containing statement of debit of DEPB for export FOB and duty amount in respect of each item of an invoice for which exemption is claimed against DEPB.

11.9 Assessment of Bill of Entry

- (i) The un-assessed copy of the Bill of Entry along with all the original import documents and all the DEPB licence/scrips in original indicating total amount of duty credit and export FOB utilized, in the debit sheet attached to the scrips, should be presented to the import Appraiser/Superintendent for assessment and signatures on debit sheets of DEPB scrips. The Appraiser/Superintendent will retrieve the Bill of Entry on screen and assess the Bill of Entry in respect of all the items and shall countersign the debits in the original DEPB. The System will determine the duty amount on the basis of CIF/Quantity of goods and shall debit the duty from the DEPB credit ledger and the CIF from the FOB of Export. If sufficient balance to cover the CIF value and the Duty foregone is not available in the DEPB, the system will disallow submission of the Bill of Entry. In case, where importer wants to clear some quantity under DEPB Scrip and balance on duty payment then he should clearly indicate in Bill of Entry, the quantity/Weight for which he want DEPB/payment of duty.
- (ii) After assessment by Appraiser/Superintendent, the Bill of Entry will move to the Auditor for concurrent audit and from auditor to Assistant/Deputy Commissioner. After Assistant/Deputy Commissioner confirms the assessment, assessed copy of the Bill of Entry will be printed along with TR-6 Challan (if any) and duty will be paid as usual.
- (iii) Where the Appraising Officer/Superintendent during the process of assessment, denies the exemption claimed under Serial Number 39E (column 5 and/or 7) of Annexure-C; changes the tariff heading or enhances the value resulting in increase in the duty amount and the value; the Appraising Officer will have the option to enter the new DEPB for CIF value corresponding to the enhanced duty/CIF against that item.

11.10 DEPB Debit Ledger

On registration of DEPB or TRA in the System, the System will maintain the ledger for duty credit amount and export FOB. Where the exemption from both the basic Customs duty as specified in the First Schedule to Customs Tariff Act, 1975 and additional duty leviable under Section 3 of Customs Tariff Act, 1975 are claimed, the sum of basic duty and additional duty amount will be debited to the duty credit in DEPB. The CIF of the related items will be debited to export FOB in the DEPB. Where exemption from additional duty is not claimed, only basic duty will be debited. These debits will be made by the System in the DEPB Ledger. If more than one DEPB is utilized against an item only CIF amount to be debited against each DEPB should be indicated by the importers. The duty amount will be proportionately calculated by the System for debit in the DEPB. The importers therefore should ensure that sufficient balance in the duty credit amount and export FOB is available in the DEPB to cover amounts of both components, for debiting, failing which the system will not accept the declaration for Bill of Entry. In case the importer desires to utilize the DEPB for part of the quantity of an item in the invoice, he may split the quantity of that item and prepare the declaration accordingly.

11.11 Debiting of DEPB against Manual Bill of Entry

- (i) If a Bill of Entry is processed manually, importers may choose to avail the exemption under the DEPB Scheme and get the DEPB debited for exempted amount of duty. In such cases, manual Bill of Entry will be assessed as usual. After assessment, the amount of duty forgone due to exemption under DEPB and the CIF of goods imported being cleared against DEPB will be computed manually in respect of each DEPB scrip.
- (ii) The designated officer in the assessing group will debit the original DEPB. He will also enter the amount of duty foregone and the CIF of the exempted goods in the System, in the respective field of duty credit and export FOB. The debit screen can be accessed through the DEPB Registration Number. After debiting, the System will print the statement of debits of the DEPB in triplicate. The copies of this print will be attached with the manual Bill of Entry, DEPB file and DEPB scrip. Importers are therefore required to register the DEPB license even when clearances are sought against manually assessed Bill of Entry.

12. Processing of Bill of Entry under Other Export Promotion Schemes Requiring Import Licence

Bills of Entry relating to Export Promotion Schemes like DEEC/ADVANCE AUTHORISATION, DFRC/DFIA, EPCG, and REP etc.which require import licence for availing benefits of exemption notifications will be processed under ICES 1.5. The procedure mentioned below will be followed:

12.1 Registration of Licence

Before filing of a Bill of Entry under any of such Export Promotion Schemes the related import licence will be required to be registered in the system. Data entry of the licence details will be made by registration clerk. Details of the licence will be furnished by the licence holder in the form as per Annexure-A. The form is common for all types of licences, some of the fields may not be applicable to a category of licence, and therefore, only relevant details should be filled. It will be a pre-condition of registration of licence that the IE-Code of the licence holder is received by the Customs system from DGFT system. If any information which is necessary for a particular type of licence is not furnished, system will not accept such incomplete information for registration of licence. The system will maintain ledger in respect of total face value, item wise quantity and value and credit for the same will automatically be created on registration of licence and debits will be made by system when electronic Bill of Entry is processed, RA is issued, manual Bill of Entry is debited or reduction is made by amendments. To avoid any inconsistency and invalidity, the system will sum the value of all items and compare with the face value of the licence. If the sum is greater than face value of licence, the system will not permit registration. The value will always be CIF for imports and FOB in respect of exports. Where the value is in foreign currency it should be only one currency and not in multi-currency. The licence holders therefore, should check these details in their licences and ensure that the same are corrected before presenting the licence for registration. The licences with incorrect details will be rejected by the system and cannot be used for availing exemption from duty and clearance of goods. Such licences should be corrected from concerned DGFT office before presenting to Customs.

- (ii) The licences, which have already been partially utilized, will be registered in the system only for the balances available.
- (iii) After successful entry of details, a check list will be printed by registration clerk and given to the licence holder for confirming correctness of the data entered. Registration clerk will make correction, if any and will return the same to the licence holder. It is the sole responsibility of the licence holder to verify and confirm the correctness of the data entered before proceeding further. License should not be sent by post or through a letter to Custom House but should be presented by a person who shall get the data entry done, verify the correctness of data on the check list and shall present the licence to the Appraiser for registration and take possession of the same after registration.

12.2 Acceptance & Debit of Bonds

- (i) Where the export obligation has not been fulfilled and option 'N' has been entered in the field 'Export. Obligation:' the system will ask for entry of Bond number. Therefore, if export obligation has not been fulfilled the respective category of Bond should be registered before registration of licence/RA.
- (ii) The Bond registered against a licence/RA will be utilized only in respect of clearances against that licence and at the time of filing Bill of Entry electronically the Bond will automatically be debited by system for the amount of duty foregone. Bond types for export promotion schemes are as under:

Scheme Bond type

EPCG EC

DEEC DE

DFRC DE

REPL DE

12.3 Registration of incoming Transfer Release Advice (TRA)

- (i) If both sender and receiving Customs location are operating on centralized ICES Version 1.5, no TRA need to be issued. A common centralized licence ledger shall be maintained by the system for utilization of licence for value and quantity.
- (ii) TRAs received from a non-ICES location shall be registered like a licence for the portion of value and quantity covered in a TRA. Only fresh TRAs will be registered in the EDI System. Partially utilized TRAs will continue to be handled manually.
- (iii) After successful entry of details, a checklist will be printed by the Service Center operator and given to the RA holder for confirming correctness of the data entered in the system. Service Center operator will make corrections, if any, and will return the same to the RA holder.

12.4 Submission of Licence/TRA in the system

The license/TRA holder will present the check list of the licence/TRA along with original documents to the proper officer. The officer will compare the details entered in the system with the original licence/TRA. After satisfying himself with correctnes, will submit the licence in the system on the basis of the job number of the check list. The system will generate a licence Registration No. This registration number and date should be endorsed in bold on the original licence/TRA.

After registration, the documents may be returned to the Importer and copies thereof may be kept in the office file for record. TRA will be registered only on the basis of Customs copy of the TRA. After registration, Customs copy and importer's copy of TRA will be defaced by the Officer.

12.5 Issuing TRAs

Transfer Release Advice will be issued for utilization of a licence at any other Customs station. No TRA needs to be issued for Customs location operating on ICES Version 1.5. TRA shall be issued only for ICES Version 1 locations or non-ICES location. All TRAs against the licences registered in the system shall only be generated from system. Details for obtaining Release Advice shall be furnished in the Format given at Annexure-D. Data entry will be done by the registration clerk. A check list will be printed for verifying the correctnes by the applicant and for his signatures. Corrections, if any, will be carried out by the registration clerk. The authorized Appraiser will thereafter verify the details from the original licence and satisfy himself about admissibility of issue of TRA. The system will generate TRA No. and three copies of the TRA will be available for print. The check list signed by the licence holder and the office copy of the TRA will be retained by the Appraiser for record. No amendment of TRA will be permitted after it has been issued by the system. Fresh TRA can be obtained for any further quantity/value or the licence can be re-credited by entering unutilized TRA Number.

12.6 Debiting of Licence

Licence will be automatically debited in respect of Electronic Bill of Entry and Electronic Transfer Release Advice. For debits of licence value and quantity, in the case of electronic Bill of Entry, the system shall make debits automatically on the basis of value and quantity of item in the Bill of Entry. For debiting against manual Bill of Entry, the figures of value and quantity will be entered by the Appraiser in the system through a Menu for this purpose. Entries of debits on the hard copy of the licence will be made by the importers and certified by the Appraiser as usual.

12.7 Exemption for Spare Parts under EPCG Scheme

(i) The system will create a ledger of face value and item wise value & quantity. Item Serial Number '0' has been created for spare parts against EPCG licence. 20% of the CIF of the goods debited to a licence will be credited by the system as value permissible for import of spares under exemption notification against EPCG licence. This value of spares will be within the total face value of the licence i.e. the sum of value of all items including value of spares imported against EPCG licence will not exceed the total face value of licence.

(ii) No credit of value will be given for spares in case of imports against TRA. It may be noted that TRA is required to be obtained for spare parts also. In case of first import, no TRA will be admissible for spares.

12.8 Amendment of Licence after Registration

Amendment in the licence data after registration can only be made by the authorized officer. If the amount of value and quantity sought to be reduced is less than the unutilized balance available in the licence, amendments for reduction of value and quantity will not be permitted by the system. The system will give credit to quantity or value in the case of increase and will debit the quantity or value in the case of reduction. Therefore, only incremental or decremental quantity or value should be entered in respect of increase or reduction. Licence status code at the time of registration will be '0'. The licence, if suspended or cancelled after registration, the officer shall amend the status code to '2', '3' and '4' for cancellation, suspension and reinstatement respectively.

12.9 Filing of Bill of Entry

- (i) Licence Registration Number, Registration Date details, value and the quantity should be furnished in respective column at Serial Number 39E of the Annexure-C.
- (ii) Unit of measurement of quantity will be same as per the licence. In case the unit of measurement in the invoice is different than the one in the license, for the purpose of debit in the licence, the quantity should be converted into same unit of measurement as in the licence. For spare parts against EPCG licence, Serial Number of item will be '0' therefore, for availing benefits of exemption notification in respect of spares, Item Serial Number '0' should be indicated in column 9 of the Format indicated above. Against one item in the Bill of Entry, only one licence will be debited. If the Quantity &/or value in the licence is not sufficient to cover whole quantity &/or value of an item in the invoice, the invoice quantity should be split into a separate item in the Bill of Entry for debit against another license or for normal assessment. Bond/Bank Guarantee details should also be provided wherever so required.
- (iii) After successful entry of data of the Bill of Entry in the system, a check list will be printed by the Service Center operator and given to the importer/CHA. The importer/CHA will check the details entered in the system and errors, if any, pointed out to the Service Center operator for carrying out corrections in the system. The CHA/importers before returning the check list to the operator for submission of Bill of Entry in the system should ensure that licence details are also correct. The operator will exercise option of submission of Bill of Entry in the system. After submission of the Bill of Entry in the system, a check list of submitted Bill of Entry should be obtained by the CHA/importer from the Service Center operator. This check list will incorporate Bill of Entry number and item/licence wise details of debit of quantity, value and duty forgone for debit in the Bond etc.

12.10 Assessment of Bill of Entry

(i) For ease of distribution of various category of documents among the officers, the provision has been made in the system to create any one or more of sub-groups in respect of the following Exim Scheme Codes:.

Grou p Nam e	Exim Scheme Codes	Schemes	
7A	13,14,20		
7B	DEPB		
7D	DEEC	Advance authorisation	-
7G	EPCG		
7H	22 to28		
71	DFIA(26)		
7R	DFRC		
7R	DFRC		
7U	EOU		

- (ii) All the Bills of Entry in respect of schemes for which no sub-group is created will be dealt by Group 7.
- (iii) The CHA/importer should present the check list obtained after submission of the Bill of Entry to the Appraiser along with all the required documents and the related licence and Advance Authorization schemes. The Appraiser will check the correctness of details of licence/Scheme etc. and also ensure that any amendments made in the licences/Schemes, subsequent to registration of licence, have also been entered in the system. If the Assessing officer is satisfied about the eligibility of exemption under related notification and the licence is otherwise valid to cover the goods in question, he may assess the Bill of Entry on system. The Assessing officer can remove the notification and deny the benefits of exemption. The debits of licence will automatically reverse when exemption notification is denied. The Bill of Entry after assessment will be audited by the Auditor and finally approved by the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner. The procedure of assessment will be similar to DEPB imports.
- (iv) In respect of a manually assessed Bill of Entry, details of value and quantity will be debited in the system by the Appraiser at the time of assessing a Bill of Entry & a print of details of debit will be taken for records.

12.11 Printing of the Assessed Bill of Entry

After assessment, the printout of assessed copy of the Bill of Entry will be taken by the importer/CHA from Service Center. The printout of Bill of Entry will contain duty-paying challan, if duty is payable and statement of debit of licence for value/ quantity and debit of Bond for duty foregone in respect of each item. The figures of these debits should be endorsed on the hard copy of the licence.

12.12 Examination/Out of Charge

Procedure for goods registration, examination, out of charge and printing of Bill of Entry after out of charge will remain the same as mentioned above in Para 6.

13. Imports by 100% EOUs

13.1 RegistrationofEOU

All the 100% Export Oriented Units including STP/EHTP etc. will be required to be registered as EOU in the System before filing of a Bill of Entry. The designated officer shall make data entry for registration of an EOU. All verifications and authentications including all checks to determine the eligibility of the importer to be registered as an EOU and for exemption from duties shall be carried out before a unit is registered in the System as an EOU.

Following details should be furnished by the EOU for registration.

- 1. EOU type:
- I. A EOU General
- I. B EOU Aquaculture
- I. C EOU Agriculture/Floriculture
- I. D EOU Granite
- I. E -EOU Gems and Jewellery
- F EOU Others (specify)
- II- STP
- III EHTP
- 2. EOU Approval Number
- 3. Approving Authority
- 4. Approval date
- 5. Valid till
- 6. Importer Exporter Code (IEC)
- IEC Branch Code.
- 8. ECC (Assessee's Excise Control Code)
- 9. Central Excise office location code

Commissionerate

Division

Range

Separate Registration would need to be made for each factory (based on the various branch codes of the IEC) in case a 100% EOU has more than one factory.

13.2 Filing of Bill of Entry

Entry of Bond details

(i) In the Annexure-C format for declaration for data entry, Serial Number 18 has been added to capture the details of registration of various Bonds including the Bond for 100% EOUs.

- (iii) In the field of claim of assessment, normal details shall be indicated. However, in the fields of "Additional information for claiming benefits under specified exemption schemes" in Column (I) the prescribed Exim code for the relevant scheme related to imports like EOU/STP/EHTP would be required to be indicated. The Exim codes for the various schemes have already been notified in the Handbook of Procedures issued by DGFT. In column No. 2, the relevant applicable exemption notification Number......./Year...........with Serial Number of item in the notifications is required to be indicated against the respective item. The data entry operator shall enter the code of EOU against the field Exim codeafter entry of Exim code, enter notification number. .../year & Serial Number. After completion of entry of all the items of the Bill of Entry, a check list will be printed. In the check list, against an item where EOU exemption is claimed, the words (EOU) & notification number/year & Serial Number will be printed. At the end of the check list details of Bond indicating the Bond number, Bond code, Amount debited, Bank Guarantee debited or the details of certificate for Central Excise will be printed.
- (iv) The importer/CHA shall check the correctness of the details in the check list & return it to data entry operator for submission of the same in the system. On submission, the Bill of Entry shall be directed to Group VII for assessment. An unassessed copy of the Bill of Entry after submission shall be taken by the importers.

13.3 Appraising of EOU Bill of Entry

- (i) The importer/CHA shall present the un-assessed Bill of Entry along with the Bonds/certificate and other documents supporting the claims of assessment under EOU to the designated Appraiser/Superintendent for making assessment. The Appraiser shall recall the relevant Bill of Entry on the screen and complete the assessment on the system after scrutiny of the documents. The system will display EOU Bond details or Central Excise certificate. The appraiser will also be able to view the details of EOU approvals.
- (ii) In case the importer has already executed the Bond and it is registered in the system, the system will display the amount debited in the Bond which is equal to the duty foregone. If the appraiser desires to change the amount for debiting the Bond, he can select through change option and change the amount for the Bond debit & Bank Guarantee. Where the Bank Guarantee is not required, the amount in the field of Bank

Guarantee should be entered as 0 (Zero). The appraiser has the option of removing EOU notification where the importer is not found to be eligible for the exemption.

- (iii) Where the importer has not furnished Bond or Central Excise certificate, the system will require the assessing officer to specify the Bond amount/Bank Guarantee amount. The Appraiser shall specify the Bond & Bank Guarantee amount in system. After processing by the Appraiser, the Bill of Entry will be audited by the Auditor and thereafter processed by the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner. After the assessment, print of the Bill of Entry can be obtained. The details of the Bond/Bank Guarantee shall be printed on the Bill of Entry where neither Bond is debited nor a Central Excise certificate is indicated, the system will print the Bond/Bank Guarantee requirements as specified by the Appraiser.
- (iv) In case the importer has executed the Bond with the Central Excise authorities, he shall produce the procurement certificate issued by the Central Excise officer to assessing officer along with the un-assessed copy of the Bill of Entry. Assessment of Bill of Entry would be done after due verification of all the concerned documents. System would generate a communication letter to Central Excise Authorities for consignment and requesting for confirmation about re-warehousing. System would enable monitoring of the movement of the goods through appropriate MIS reports.
- (v) After completion of the assessment, the Bill of Entry shall be put to Bond queue for execution/debiting of Bond. Where any duty amount has been assessed, the duty shall be deposited in the bank as usual. Unless the Bond Officer completes the action of debiting Bond in the system, the Bill of Entry will not be available for registration for examination and out of charge.

Procedure for registration of Bond/Bank Guarantee has been explained earlier in this Public Notice.

14. Availing Exemption under JOBBING Scheme

Notification Number 32/97—Cus exempts goods imported for carrying out any job work and re-export subject to conditions specified in the said notification. Importers claiming the said exemption would be required to indicate the relevant Exim code and Notification in the columns "Additional information for claiming benefit under specified exemptions schemes". The Bond type "JO" will be indicated in the format for data entry, the Scheme code will be 20 and the exemption notification will be 032/97 item Serial Number 1. On submission, print of an un-assessed copy of the Bill of Entry will be taken and presented to the designated Appraiser along with all the requisite documents. The Appraiser will recall the Bill of Entry on screen for assessment. Appraiser will be able to delete the notification to deny the exemption, if so warranted, specify the Bond/Bank Guarantee requirements and modify the Bond/Bank Guarantee amounts. The Bill of Entry will be audited by the Auditor and processed by the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner. Details of notification, Bond/Bank Guarantee debits will be printed on respective copies of the Bill of Entry. The procedure for execution and maintenance of Bond/Bank Guarantee in the system will be like any other Bond.

EX-BOND Bill of Entry

15.1 This procedure will apply only to those ex-Bond Bills of Entry in respect of which the related warehousing Bill of Entry (Into Bond Bill of Entry) has been processed under

ICES (Import) at the same Customs station. In the Format of Declaration at Service Center for data entry, the following details will undergo a change.

Type of Bill of Entry

- (H) For Home Consumption
- (W) For Warehousing
- (X) For Ex-Bond:

Warehouse Bill of Entry Number -----, Date----- and Warehouse Code

(i) Warehouse Code consists of 4-digit location code; 1-digit warehouse type; and 3-digit serial number of warehouse, e.g. WFD61001. If no code is assigned 'other' to be used as code – WFD60001).

INVOICE PARTICULARS FOR Ex-Bond

Bill of Entry Number------Invoice Serial Number----- in Warehouse Billof Entry

Item of Import intended to be Ex-Bonded

Item	Quantity of item intended for e
Serial Number in invoice	

On out of charge of a Warehouse Bill of Entry, the system will create a ledger of quantity in respect of all the items included in Warehousing Bill of Entry. For the purpose of filing Ex-Bond Bill of Entry in the system, details of CHA & the Importer will be entered as usual. In the field of Type of Bill of Entry, 'X' will enable for entry of Ex-Bond Bill of Entry. A window will pop up for Warehouse Bill of Entry Number and date. On entry of Warehousing Bill of Entry Number and date, the system will capture all other details from the Warehousing Bill of Entry. Invoice Serial Number as in the Warehousing Bill of Entry and against this invoice item, Serial Number and quantity will be entered. The system will proportionately determine the assessable value. All other details of item like the CTH, Customs Notification, CET, Excise Notification etc. as in the Warehousing Bill of Entry will be displayed by the system. Tariff Headings and the Notifications can be changed, if so required. On completion of data entry, a check list will be generated by the system against the respective Job No. The importers should ensure that the details of invoice Serial Number, item Serial Number and the quantity of the goods under ex-Bonding are correct. The check list after corrections will be returned to the Service Center operator for submission of the Ex-Bond Bill of Entry. On submission, the system will generate the Bill of Entry Number.

15.2 Assessment

The Bill of Entry will be allocated by the system to the Assessing Groups on the basis of same parameters as are applicable to all other types of Bills of Entry. Assessment will also be made by the officers in the same manner as in the case of any

other type of Bills of Entry. Where a Warehouse Bill of Entry has been assessed provisionally, the Ex-Bond Bill of Entry will also be assessed provisionally and no separate PD Bond will be required. However, in case of availing of exemption requiring Bond, same would need to be debited as in the case of any Home Consumption Bill of Entry.

15.3 Debiting of Bond

After obtaining the print out from Service Centre the importer/CHA will get the Bond debited from Bond Section and get suitable endorsement on Bill of Entry with respect to debit of Bond amount and other details.

15.4 Printing of Assessed Bill of Entry and Duty Paying Challan

After the Bill of Entry has been assessed by the Appraising Officer, the Assessed copy of the Bill of Entry and duty paying Challan will be available for printing at service center, the same should be obtained by the importers/CHAs from the Service Center operator.

15.5 Payment of Duty

Duty will be paid at the designated bank against a Challan of Ex-Bond Bill of Entry in the same manner as in the case of a Home consumption Bill of Entry.

15.6 Order of Clearance of Goods for Home Consumption

- (i) After payment of duty and completing any other requirement of debiting of Bond, license etc, the assessed Ex-Bond Bill of Entry along with all other documents should be presented to the Superintendent authorized to give Out of Charge of the Ex-Bond Bill of Entry. The Superintendent shall verify that:-
- a) The particulars in the Ex-Bond Bill of Entry correspond to the Bond register maintained in the Bond Section:
- b) The goods are being cleared within the validity period of Bond, interest (amount of interest will not be calculated by the system, therefore should be calculated manually), if any, on the Warehoused goods as chargeable under Section 61 of the Customs Act, 1962 as per the rates specified under Section 47(2) of the Act ibid and/or any charges including fine/penalty payable as provided under Chapter IX of the Customs Act, 1962 have been paid;
- c) The rate of duty has not undergone any change after assessment and the out of charge. In case any change has taken place after assessment in the tariff or exemption structure having bearing on assessment, the Bill of Entry will be referred to the concerned Appraiser/Superintendent for re-confirming correctness of assessment. The Appraiser/Superintendent will re-assess the Bill of Entry, if so required. The system after re-assessment will generate duty Challan for differential amount which will be printed at the Service Center and duty will be paid at the designated bank.
- (ii) After satisfying the requirements relating to clearance of the goods the Superintendent will give out of charge on the system. After out of charge, the system will generate two copies of the Ex-Bond Bill of Entry. One copy is for the importer and the other copy will be for the Bond Section. No Exchange Control copy will be

generated for EX-Bond Bill of Entry. The system will also print along with Bill of Entry, three copies of Order of Clearance (O/C). One copy of the O/C will be retained by the Bond Section, one copy will be retained by the officer controlling the Warehouse and the last copy will be for the Warehouse Keeper. Column for number of packages in the O/C will be blank. The Superintendent giving out of charge will endorse on the hard copies of the O/C, package serial numbers and number of packages to be cleared against the respective Ex-Bond Bill of Entry and will put his signature with his office seal on the copies of O/C and also on the copies of Ex-Bond Bill of Entry.

Bonds/Undertaking/Re-Export Bond for Conditional Exemptions

Where the benefits of exemption under a notification is subject to execution of End use Bond, Undertaking or Re-export Bond, it would be necessary to register the respective type of Bond in the system before filing of the Bill of Entry. The Bond will be registered by the importers specifically for a notification. Details of the Bond in respect of each notification should be furnished at Serial Number 18 in the Format for declaration at Service Centre for data entry of Bill of Entry. The system will automatically debit the respective Bond for amount of duty foregone on the basis of claim of exemption made for items in the Bill of Entry under a notification. For this purpose a directory has been created in the system for the notification and Serial Number of item in the notification which require execution of end use Bond, undertaking or re-export Bond for availing exemption. Exemption under such notification will not be permitted by the system if respective Bond/undertaking number has not been entered at the time of data entry of Bill of Entry. Therefore, all the importers who are claiming benefits of such exemption notifications should get respective Bond accepted and registered in the system as continuity Bond of that category in respect of each notification separately.

The Bond registered for one notification can not be utilized for another notification.

Bond Codes for the Bond types are as under:

Bond type

Bond code

End use Bond

EU

Undertaking

UT

Re-export Bond

RE

17. Certificate from Central Excise Authorities

(i) Where the exemption notification provides for production of a certificate from the jurisdictional Central Excise authorities in terms of Customs (Import of Goods at Concessional Rate of Duty for Manufacture of Excisable Goods) Rules, 1996, the same should also be registered in the system. For this purpose, the certificate obtained from the Central Excise office shall be produced to the Appraising Officer, before filing the Bill of Entry. The Appraiser/Superintendent shall register the same in the system in the same manner as the Bonds are registered. The system will generate the registration number. This registration number should be communicated to the importer and the original certificate shall be retained in the Assessing Group. Registration number shall be indicated at Serial Number 18 (c) in the Format for Bill of Entry.

(ii) Against one Bill of Entry, only one certificate should be used. The certificate shall be utilized against all such notifications requiring Central Excise certificate. At the time of assessment, the officer may verify details of goods covered by the certificate and Bill of Entry on the basis of original certificate retained in the group. A print out of statement of items assessed on the basis of certificate can be obtained for reference to concerned Central Excise authority.

18. Certificates from Other Authorities

Certain notifications require certificates for eligibility of exemption from various other organizations like Ministry of External Affairs, Defence etc. Such certificates can be entered in the system under the category of Misc. Certificates = 'MC'. The following details will be entered;

MC number and date.

Issuing authority and address.

Such certificates can be viewed by Assessing Officer and also will be printed on the Bill of Entry for verification in the Shed/Docks.

19. Closure of Bond/Undertaking

The Bond or undertaking would be closed by the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner. When the conditions of the Bond/undertaking are complied with, the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner will enter the Bond Number, the system will display all the Bills of Entry and related Item Serial Numbers in respect of which the Bond has been debited. If the conditions of the Bond have been satisfied, the option to close the Bond may be exercised item by item. When all the items against which respective Bond has been debited are closed, the Bond can be cancelled. However, if the Serial Number of items are closed and the Bond is not cancelled, the same will continue to be used if there is a balance in Bond amount and validity period has not expired. All the documents on the basis of which the items are closed and the Bond is cancelled will be kept in the related Bond file for the purposes of record.

20. Assessment of Goods under Chapter 55 of Customs Tariff

- (i) In case of goods of aforesaid Chapter, under certain sub-headings where the duty of Customs under the First Schedule to Customs Tariff Act, 1975 is chargeable on the basis of value or weight in Kgs. or area in SQM of the textile fabrics covered under the said sub-headings and the duty chargeable will be the highest among the duties so determined on the basis of above mentioned three parameters. It is therefore, necessary to capture quantity in Kgs. and also the quantity in SQM in addition to the value of such goods. Provisions have been made in the system to enter quantity in Kgs. and quantity in SQM in respect of above sub-headings. The system will calculate duty on value, on Kgs. & on SQM and will determine the highest among the three amounts. The highest amount will be taken for levy of duty. Serial No. 39 (B.1) of Annexure-C may be filled up accordingly.
- (ii) In case quantity of goods in the invoice is in Kgs. as declared in Table 'A' under 'Details of Description of Items', column (3) in the table B1 of Annexure-C should be left blank and indicate only quantity in SQM in column (4) above. Similarly, if the invoice

quantity is SQM then indicate only quantity in Kgs. in column (3) and column (4) be left blank.

(iii) However, if the quantity in the invoice is in units of measurement other than Kgs. or SQM, in that case the quantity in Kgs. and SQM should be indicated in columns (3) & (4) respectively.

21. Bond Management System and Processing of Bills of Entry Relating to Goods

21.1 Bond Management System

- (i) ICES contains centralized Bond Section, which will be responsible for maintenance of documents related to Bonds, Bank Guarantees and Undertakings. Concerned Assistant/Deputy Commissioner shall handle the Bonds. The Bond Section will be responsible for the following:
- Registration of Bonds/Undertakings, Bank Guarantees, Sureties
- Debit and Credit of Bonds for EDI Bill of Entry and Manual Bill of Entry
- Closure of Bonds, Bank Guarantees
- Enhancements
- Generating data for Issue of recovery notices
- Generating data for Issue of reminders
- Generation of MIS reports
- (ii) The Revolving/continuity and the Specific Bonds will be registered and maintained in the Bond Section. The Appraising Officer determines the Bond requirement. The type and the amount of Bond are decided by the Appraising Officer and are approved by the Assistant Commissioner. However, system will assist in determining the type of Bond/Bank Guarantee and value. Bond requirement details will be printed on the Bill of Entry after the assessment. The details include the type of Bond, amount and the Bank Guarantee. The Bonds will be managed centrally by Bond/Bank Guarantee Section.

21.2 Registration of Bond

(i) The Bond module provides for registration of all Bonds/Undertakings, Bank Guarantees, Sureties etc. in the system. The importer shall furnish the following details for registration: -

Bonds/Undertakings

- 1. IEC
- 2. Bond Type
- 3. Bond Amount *
- Revolving/Specific
- 5. Date of Bond
- Date of Expiry
- 7. Date of enforcement

- 8. Whether Bank Guarantee Y/N
- 9. Surety Y/N
- 10. Cash Deposit Y/N
- 11. Remarks
- * For Bonds already executed, the existing balance to be captured as opening balance in the Ledger

Bank Guarantee Details

- 1. Serial Number (as given by the Bank)
- 2. Bank branch code
- 3. Bank name
- 4. Bank Guarantee amount
- 5. Bank Guarantee date
- Expiry date of Bank Guarantee
- 7. Date of enforcement
- 8. Remarks

Surety Details

- Serial Number (as given by the party)
- Surety Name
- 3. Address
- Identification particulars of surety (CHA code, Chartered Accountant Registration Number etc.)
- 5. Remarks

Cash Deposit

- Challan Number
- 2. Date
- 3. Amount
- 4. Date of Deposit
- (ii) The Bond detail shall be entered in the Bond Section. On entry system will assign a job no. and check list is generated. The importers/CHA shall satisfy himself with the correctness of details. The corrections, if any, shall be made and job shall be submitted. After submission, the job shall be forwarded to designatedAssistant/Deputy Commissioner to accept the Bond. The importer shall present the original Bond documents to the respective designated Assistant/Deputy Commissioner for acceptance.
- (iii) The Assistant/Deputy Commissioner shall observe all the instructions regarding acceptance of Bond issued by the Board/Commissionerate from time to time after satisfying that the documents submitted are in order & acceptable. The Assistant/Deputy Commissioner shall retrieve the Bond details on screen by entering the job no., view the entries made in the system. If the information in the system match with the documents & conditions for acceptance of the Bonds are satisfied, the Assistant/Deputy Commissioner may accept the Bond in the system. The

Assistant/Deputy Commissioner can also make corrections in the system, if so required. After acceptance of the Bond by Assistant/Deputy Commissioner,the Bond documents shall be taken by the Bond officer/Bond clerk. The Bond officer/Bond clerk after receipt of the Bond/Bank Guarantee/Security etc. shall enter in the system location of Bond storage where the Bond documents have to be physically stored. At this stage, the system will generate the Bond registration number. This registration number has to be endorsed on the original documents and also communicated to the importer for their future reference. Bond Registration Number System would maintain a single running Serial Number for all types of Bonds. The Bond Number need not be initialized every year. Bond Number to start with Serial Number 100001.

21.3 Processing of Bill of Entry (with Bond)

(i) Declaration in the Service Center

- (a) In case the importer has already registered a Continuity Bond with the Bond Cell, he has to specify the type of Bond and Registration Number in the Service Centre declaration. However, the Bond value and Bank Guarantee amount is determined by the Appraising Officer. If Continuity Bond is not there, no declaration (Bond) needs to be given in the Service Centre. Bond details will be printed on the Checklist.
- (b) In case of EOU Bond already submitted at the Central Excise Commissionerate/ Office, the Certificate Number has to be provided. If Certificate Number is declared, EOU Bond is not required.

(ii) Appraising

The Appraising Officer has the option to ask for Bond as condition of assessment. The following type of Bonds can be opted:

Provisional Duty Bond - General

Test Bond

End Use Bond/Undertaking

Transit

Provisional Duty Bond - Project Imports

Extra Duty Deposit

EOU Bond

Warehouse Bond

Bill of Entry Type 'W': Warehouse Bond is mandatory.

EOU Bond: In case of items, where EOU Notification is claimed, EOU Bond or a procurement Certificate from Central Excise authorities is mandatory.

(iii) Provisional Assessment:

If any of the item is assessed provisionally, the Bond (Provisional or Test) is mandatory. The Appraising Officer has to specify Type of Bond, Bond Amount, Bank Guarantee %, Bank Guarantee amount, basis for Bond amount at the Bill of Entry level. AC/DC has to confirm the action of Appraising Officer. Auditor has no option with reference to Bonds. However, he can view the Bonds requirements.

(iv) Bond Requirement Details

On completion of assessment, the Bond requirement details will be printed on the Assessed Copy of the Bill of Entry. Where the Bond has not been executed before assessment, on completion of assessment and payment of duty (wherever required) the importer is required to execute the Bond in respect of the Bill of Entry in question before goods registration in the Shed. If the Bond has not been executed against the Bill of Entry, the goods registration cannot be done. The Importer has to give a written request to AC/DC for debiting the Bond against a Bill of Entry. The importer shall specify the Bond Registration No., Bill of Entry No., and Date. The AC (Bond) has to retrieve the Bond and debit the Bond and Bank Guarantee. AC/DC Bond has the option to view the Bill of Entry. Before debiting, the system will pose the query "Whether the language of the Bond meets the legal requirement of the assessment of the Bill of Entry. If the amount to be debited is more than the credit balance in the Bond and Bank Guarantee Ledgers, the system will not allow debit and the AC/DC has to raise a query to the Importer for filing fresh Bond /Bank Guarantee.

The system will not allow goods registration and out of charge, if the debit entries not made against the Bill of Entry in the Bond and Bank Guarantee Ledgers.

Bond re-credits

AC/DC has the option to re-credit value after finalization of assessment.

Following entries will be made in the Bond and Bank Guarantee ledgers;

- -Date of credit
- -Bill of Entry No. and Date
- -Amount credited
- -Reasons for credit
- (a) Assessment finalized no recovery
- (b) Assessment finalized and differential duty deposited separately.
- (c) Necessary end use certificate submitted.
- (d) Re-warehousing certificate submitted.
- (e) Test results received confirming the goods as declared by the importer in the Bill of Entry.
- (f) Others. (Specify)

Bond Ledger Format

Bill of Entry No.

Bill of Entry Date

Type of Document (Manual or EDI)

Debit Amount (Specified by AO)

Credit amount

Date of debit/credit

Officer Id.

(v) Debiting of the Bond for Manual Bill of Entry:

- (a) Continuity or a specific Bond shall be accepted & registered in the system. A continuity Bond registered in the system can be utilized in respect of electronic as well as manual bills of entry. For debiting manual Bill of Entry, the Bond officer shall select the option of MBE-debit and enter the details of the manual Bill of Entry and amount of Bond/Bank Guarantee etc. After debiting, a debit slip will be generated which can be printed one copy of slip should be attached with the Bill of Entry and other copy given to the importer. In respect of Bills of Entry where processing has not yet been automated, it would still be possible under the aforesaid Bond Management System to register the Bond in the system and utilize it against a manually processed Bill of entry as per procedure indicated above in respect of a continuity/revolving Bond.
- (b) Consequent upon the introduction of the Bond Management System, changes are being proposed in the processing of Bills of Entry for Warehousing of Imported goods and goods assessed to duty provisionally. The Bills of Entry would be linked to the respective Bonds and the system will maintain an account in this behalf. The procedure for processing of such Bills of Entry is briefly indicated below:-

(vi) Warehousing Bill of Entry

- (a) For Warehousing Bill of Entry, the type of Bill of Entry should be indicated as 'W'. The importer may indicate the Bond details if a continuity Bond has already been executed in the same manner as has been explained in respect of 100% EOU. The processing of warehousing Bill of Entry shall continue to be as at present in the respective groups on first come first serve basis.
- (b) The system at the time of assessment of a Warehousing Bill of Entry shall display before the Appraiser the requirement of Bond equal to double the amount of duty payable. The appraiser at the time of the assessment can change the Bond/Bank Guarantee amounts. Where the Bond details have been entered at the time of data entry the same shall be displayed by the system & debit details will be printed on the Bill of Entry. Where Bond has not been debited at the time of data entry of Bill of Entry, Bond requirement shall be on the Bill of Entry.
- (c) The Bond shall be registered with the designated Bond Officer and debited in respect of a Bill of Entry. Unless the Bond is debited in the system, Bill of Entry cannot be registered for examination & out of charge at the shed/docks.

(vii) Provisional Assessments

(a) Where an item of the Bill of Entry is assessed provisionally by the Appraiser irrespective of the fact, whether EOU/Warehousing Bill of Entry, PD Bond will also be required in addition to the EOU/Warehousing Bond. The details of the Bond can be entered at the time of data entry as explained for EOU Bill of Entry. The Bond code for provisional assessment shall be 'PD'. The System will indicate sum of the duty assessed provisionally for assistance of the Appraiser for determining the amount of Bond/Bank Guarantee for debiting. The Appraiser can change the amount of Bond and/ or Bank Guarantee for debiting. If the Bond details have not been entered at the time of data entry, the system will enforce Bond requirement. The Appraiser shall specify the amount of Bond and bank guarantee. The duty, if any, assessed shall be deposited

with designated bank as usual. The Bill of Entry will not be registered in the shed/ docks for examination & out of charge till the duty is paid and the Bond and Bank Guarantee as specified has been debited. The details of Bond debit or the Bond requirements shall be printed on the provisionally assessed Bill of Entry. Details of a debited Bond will also be printed on the Importer's copy and Exchange control copy of Bill of Entry.

- (b) In case any Cash deposit is required to be taken, the Appraiser can specify the amount of Cash deposit, the Challan for Cash deposit will also be printed with the assessed copy of Bill of Entry which will also be deposited with the designated bank like the duty and fine/penalty.
- (c) Facility has also been provided in ICES 1.5 to finalise the assessments of Provisionally assessed Bills of Entry by the group Appraiser and AC/DC.

22. High Sea Sales Consignments

- (i) This category would cover all imports where the goods have been transferred by the original importer by sale or otherwise before their clearance from Customs. The EDI system has been designed to provide for both the options, namely- the ultimate buyer paying a percentage loading over the invoice price or a fixed sum in addition to the invoice price based on the high sea sale agreement and the local invoice to arrive at the final assessable value.
- (ii) If the goods have been purchased on High Seas Sales basis, option 'Y' should be indicated at Sr. No 5C in the format. The IEC & Branch code of the original importers i.e. Seller of goods on high seas, should be indicated. In the field of invoice details after the field of currency, new fields for indicating the costs incurred over and above the invoice value for purchasing goods on high sea sale have been added. Where such expenses are incurred, (whether actually paid or payable) as a percentage of invoice value, the percentage rate should be indicated in the field "Rate". Where a fixed amount is paid or payable over the invoice value, such amount should be indicated against the field 'amount' and shall be in Indian Rupees. The additional amount would get distributed proportionately amongst the various items in the invoice for determination of assessable value. In case goods relate to more than one invoices, the High Seas sales charges should be indicated against each invoice, proportionate to the value of goods in the invoice. The system shall add these charges to the CIF value of the goods for computation of assessable value for the purpose of levy of duty.
- (iii) The data entry operator at Service Center shall enter these details in the relevant field in the system. These details will be printed on the check list. The IEC & the name of the seller of the goods shall also be printed at the end of the check list for verification by the Importer/CHA.
- (iv) After submission, the Bill of Entry shall be processed under the EDI-System as a normal Bill of Entry. The Appraiser, Auditor, AC/DC at the time of processing the Bill of Entry will be able to view the details of rate or value of High Sea sale charges. The Appraiser assessing the Bill of Entry will also be able to change the rate or value of High Sea Sales charges through change option. Principles of natural justice would need to be followed wherever required. The details of the rate or value of High Sea Sales Charges and the IEC with name of the Seller will also be printed on the assessed copy, & Importer's & Exchange Control copies of the Bill of Entry.

23. Assessment Involving RSP/NCCD

- (i) Provisions have been made in the Indian Customs EDI-System (ICES) for assessment of goods leviable to additional duty under section 3(1) of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 based on RSP and NCCD. The declaration form to be filed at the Service Centre by the importers/CHAs shall be amended as follows:-
- (ii) If any of the items is leviable to additional duty under Section 3 of CTA, 1975 with reference to the retail sale price declared on the article, the relevant column should be filled (Y/N). If yes, following particulars should be furnished.

Invoice Sr. N	lo Item Sr. N	No. Description	No. of Units	The same
	No	(with specification	e) D-	Price
/**** · · ·		(mai opedineation	s) Rs.	Per unit"

- (iii) The importers/CHAs would be required to declare the retail sale price of the items to which the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act. 1976 or any other law in this behalf applies and which are notified under a notification issuedunder Section 4A of the Central Excise Act. 1944. It would be advisable to specify these details at Serial No. (Claim of assessment) for each pack size of the imported item. For example, if tooth paste is imported in sizes of 50 gms., 100 gms. And 150 gms., it is suggested that these be noted as three separate entries in the aforesaid Serial No. (Claim to assessment) since they would be having three separate retail prices. Each article, which has different characters, specification including the difference in size of packing should be declared separate items in the Bill of Entry with a separate unit retail sale price.
- (iv) The retail sale price would have to be indicated in Rupees and not in any foreign currency and should conform to the provisions of the Standards of Weights and Measures Act, 1976, the rules made thereunder or any other law in this behalf. Quantum of abatement need not be declared since the system would apply the said reduction with reference to the Central Excise Tariff Heading. Details of such items for which Retail Sale Price has been declared may be carefully verified by the Importers/CHAs before handing over the check list to the Service Centre Operator for submission of the Bill of Entry. It may also be ensured that all the articles covered in the invoice are carefully checked and Retail Sale Price declared in respect of all such articles, which require declaration of Retail Sale Price. Provision has also been made for amendment of declared Retail Sale Price at different stages subject to appropriate approvals wherever required.

24. Assessment of Special Valuation Branch Bills of Entry through EDI

- 24.1 The assessment of provisional SVB Cases shall be carried out in EDI system. The following steps need to be followed carefully:
- a. In provisional SVB cases, Bills of Entry shall be submitted in EDI System and not manually.
- b. In the Rule 10 Valuation Declaration, against Sr.No.24 a remark should be given as 'PROVISIONAL' by the importer to ensure that correct and complete declaration has been filed by them.

c. The Provisional Revenue Deposit Amount (i.e. either 1% or 5% of Assessable Value, as the case may be) of the Bill of Entry shall be paid manually on a separate TR-6 Challan in Triplicate.

Thereafter, the payment of Custom Duty shall be made to designated bank.

d. Bill of Entry will then be presented to Import Shed along with proof of payment of Revenue Deposit (on a Challan) which will be verified by the Shed Appraiser/Superintendent and he shall enter departmental comments, Challan no., date and amount of revenue deposit paid. He shall also verify on the Customs Copy of Bill of Entry to the effect that debit has been made in the Bond. Shed Appraiser/Superintendent shall also make an endorsement on the Importer copy and Exchange Control copy (duplicate and triplicate) of Bill of Entry that the Bill of Entry has been assessed provisionally due to SVB issue and the details of Revenue Deposit paid

24.2 Post clearance

After final order is given by the Special Valuation Branch, the final assessment shall be carried out manually.

25. Anti-Dumping Duty

(i) Notification Directory

A directory of the notifications issued by the Central Government notifying the rates of anti-dumping duty has been created in the system. Notifications issued do not have a defined structure; therefore, these notifications have been re-structured in tabulated form providing a unique Sr. No. of an item and a unique Sr. No. of producer/exporter of goods from a specified country. Due to re-structuring of the into a defined format, the Sr. Nos. at goods/country/producer/exporter is appearing in the notification of the ministry may differ in the notification directory. Therefore, the directory may be carefully studied to identify the correct Sr. No. of the item and producer/exporter for applying the relevant rate of duty. The notification directory is available at 'www.cbec.gov.in' and 'www.icegate.gov.in' websites. The directory can be downloaded from the said websites for reference.

(ii) Filing of Bill of Entry

The importer would be required to declare the Anti-dumping notification, and Sr. No. of producer/exporter against the country of origin/export. These details may be declared in Col.(3) of the Table 39B (Classification Details) of Appendix-A the Format for Declaration at Service Centre for Data Entry. The extract of the Table is indicated below.

39B. Classification Details

- (1) Invoice Serial Number
- (2) Actual Invoice Number

(3) Classification Details

Item No.	RITC 8 digit CTH	A D Notfn	IS No	PS No	QTY	Exemp. NotfnYr	Sr. No.	CTH Notfn	Sr. No
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

Abbreviations in Col. (3) above refer as under.

A D Notfn.= Anti-dumping notification number/year

I S No. = Item Sr. No. in the notification

P S No. = Producer/exporter Sr. No. against the respective country

QTY = Quantity of goods in the units of measurement on which anti-dumping rate has been fixed, if different from quantity declared in the invoice details.

(iii) After entry of CTH, the data entry operator shall enter the details of Anti-dumping notification as indicated above. The rate of anti-dumping duty would be taken by the system from the directory. If the unit of measurement of quantity of goods declared in the invoice details is different than the unit of measurement on which anti-dumping duty is applicable, the quantity in such unit of measurement on the basis of which anti-dumping duty is leviable has also to be declared for computation of duty amount. The rate and amount of anti-dumping duty will be printed on the check list and copies of bills of entry.

26. Tariff Value

(i) Notification Directory

Directory for Tariff Values has been created in the system as per notification number 036/2001-Customs (NT) dated 3.8.2001 as amended. Contents of the directory are similar to anti-dumping duty directory. The amount indicated in the same column will be rate of Tariff Value per unit of measurement of quantity whereas in the case of anti-dumping duty it will be rate of duty. The rates of value are applicable to imports from all countries and all suppliers in respect of goods specified therein, the Sr. No. of item in the notification and system directory is the same.

(ii) Filing of Bill of Entry

The importers are required to declare the Tariff value notification number and Sr. No. of item in the notification applicable to the goods in question. For the purpose of data entry in the system, the details of Tariff Value should be indicated in Column (3) of the Table 39B (Classification Details) of Appendix-A the Format for Declaration at Service Centre for Data Entry. The extract of the Table is indicated below.

39B. Classification Details

- (1) Invoice Serial Number
- (2) Actual Invoice Number

(3) Classification Details

Item No.	RITC 8 digit CTH	A D Notfn	IS No	PS No	QTY	T Notfn No	IS No	Qty	Exemp. NotfnYr	Sr. No.	CTH Notfn	Sr. No
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13

Abbreviations in Col. (3) above refer as under.

T Notn.= Tariff Value notification number/year

I S No. = Sr. No. in the notification

QTY = Quantity in the unit of measurement on the basis of which Tariff value fixed.

27. Assessment of Bill of Entry

The tariff value is itself the assessable value, therefore, invoice value will be ignored by the system and the duty would be calculated on the basis of tariff value. If the Tariff value is in any foreign currency, the same would be converted into Indian rupees on the basis of exchange rate applicable to that currency as applicable on the date of filing of Bill of Entry. For the purpose of computation of value for additional duty under section 3(2) of Customs Tariff Act, 1975, the basic Customs duty and the assessable value based on tariff value shall be added. In case the importer has not declared the Tariff value, the Appraiser at the time of assessment will get a systems alert for tariff value. The Appraiser will have the option to select the tariff value and also change the Sr. No. of the Tariff value if incorrectly declared by the importers. The rate of Tariff value will be printed on the check list as well as on copies of Bill of Entry.

28. Levy of Additional Duty for Non-Excisable Goods

In respect of goods not leviable to Central Excise Duty under the Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985 but liable to Excise Duties under other Central Acts (such as Medicinal and Toilet Preparation Act, 1955) or liable to Additional Duty under Section 3(1) of the Customs Tariff Act, 1975, codes have been given to enable the documents for such goods to be processed on the System. A list of such codes is given in Annexure-E for filing Column 39(B) (5) – CETH CODE.

29. General Information

With a view to minimizing the number of queries at the time of assessment and to improve the quality of assessment, it has been decided to capture the following information about goods imported, in the ICES system at the time of filing of declaration Annexure-C.

- a. Brand
- b. Model
- c. Grade
- d. Specifications

e. Any other information relevant for assessment, e.g. specific order for imported goods passed by CEGAT, past precedent regarding classification, valuation etc.

30. Grievance Handling

The Assistant Commissioner/Deputy Commissioner of Customs, may be approached by importers or their CHAs for settlement of any problems faced at any stage of the import clearance. Regarding Helpdesk facilities, the following may be

- a) ICEGATE users would continue to interact with the Helpdesk at 011-2; 379020 and 011-23370133 or through icegatehelpdesk@icegate.gov.in.Helpdesk is managed by M/s Wipro.
- b) Users requiring any other clarifications regarding the new application may interact with the toll-free Helpdesk number 18002662232 or at si.helpdesk@icegate.gov.in. Helpdesk is managed by TCS.
- c) Regarding hardware issues the users may contact 18004254994 or mail to nightdesk.bangalore@hp.com. This is managed by the H.P.
- d) Users may also directly contact System Manager or Alternate System Manager for the site as detailed below, in case of any difficulty.*

Shri Ajay, Additional Commissioner, Navprabhat Chambers, Ranade Road, Dadar (West), Mumbai-400 028. Tel. No. 022-24365314.

Shri Dinbandhu Diwakar, Assistant Commissioner -ICD-Tarapur, Mahagaon, Thane (Maharashtra). Tel: 02525-279425/ 02525-260438.

> (ALOK CHOPRA) Commissioner Central Excise Thane-II, Commissionerate

Encl: As above

Copy to: As per Mailing List.